

TCE Update

Former NAS Moffett Field Restoration Advisory Board Meeting

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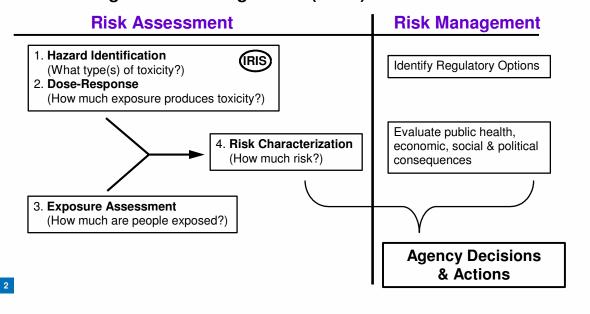
TCE Update

- Significance of TCE at Superfund sites
- EPA drinking water standard for TCE is 5 ppb
- No similar EPA standard for vapor intrusion pathway and indoor air
- Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) process
- EPA finalized TCE toxicity assessment on September 28, 2011
- EPA TCE Regional Screening Levels and Site-specific MEW/Moffett Field Cleanup Levels



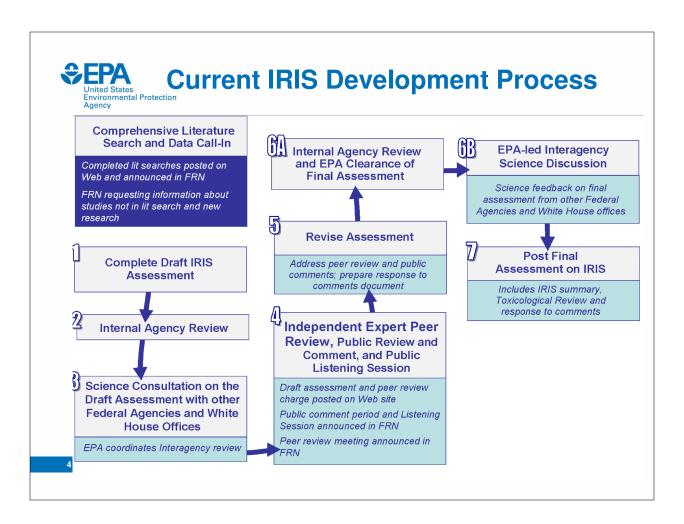
Why is IRIS Important?

Risk Assessment and Risk-Based Cleanup Levels (formerly PRGs) now called Regional Screening Levels (RSLs)





- Review scientific literature for toxicity data
 - identify useful (scientifically valid) studies
- Analyze the relevant data
 - identify critical studies, toxicities
 - quantitative modeling of dose-response
- Write a toxicological review
- Calculate toxicity values for risk assessment
 - cancer potency factors
 - non-cancer reference doses
- Publish on IRIS database





Hazard Assessment

Health Effects associated with TCE

- Non-cancer
 - Acute effects-neurological
 - Various organ systems
 - Liver
 - Kidney
 - Immunological
 - Reproductive
 - Developmental

- Cancer
 - Kidney
 - Liver
 - Lymphoma
- Mode of Action
 - Mutagenic (kidney only)
 - through metabolites



What's New in the TCE Toxicological Review

- Cancer and Non-cancer toxicity values for both oral and inhalation
- Accounts for multiple sites of cancer
- Mutagenic mode of action for kidney cancer



Key Features of the Final TCE Toxicity Assessment

- Main Components of 2010 External Review Draft retained
 - -Comprehensive review of studies of TCE and TCE metabolites
 - -Toxicity review organized by tissue/system
 - Multiple lines of evidence supporting major conclusions of hazard characterization and dose-response assessment
 - · Human epidemiologic data
 - Animal toxicity data
 - Mechanistic data
 - State-of-the-art quantitative analyses



Key Features of the Final TCE Toxicity Assessment

- Implemented virtually all Science Advisory Board recommendations, resulting in:
 - Small (< three-fold) changes in non-cancer reference dose and concentration (*RfD and RfC*)
 - No change to carcinogenic classification (e.g., TCE is "carcinogenic to humans")
 - No change to cancer inhalation unit risk or oral slope factor
 - No change to application of Age Dependent Adjustment Factors (ADAFs)



Final TCE Dose Response Assessment: Summary

Final Non-cancer Reference Values (RfC and RfD)

Protective of the most sensitive effects, supported by multiple studies/endpoints:

- Most sensitive target organs/systems: adult immunological system, developing fetal heart, developing immunological system
- Supported by kidney effects

Final Cancer Risk Values

- Target sites: kidney cancer, NHL, and liver cancer
- Apply Age Dependent Adjustment Factors (ADAFs) to kidney cancer risk only



EPA TCE Regional Screening Levels and MEW/Moffett Field Site-specific Cleanup Levels

Current EPA Regional Screening Level (RSL)			Estimated Update to RSL (Nov/Dec 2011)			Current MEW/Moffett Field Cleanup Levels
AIR (μg/m²)	Cancer (1x 10 ⁻⁶)	Non- cancer	Cancer (1x 10 ⁻⁸)	Non- cancer		INDOOR AIR (µg/m²)
Residential	1	10	~ 0.5	~ 2		1
Commercial	6	.44	~ 3	~ 2 - 9		5 GROUNDWATER (μg/L)
WATER (micrograms per liter or µg/L)	2	21	~ 1	~ 3		5 (MCL)



TCE Update: Take Home

- All EPA programs are looking at the new TCE toxicity values will be making the management decisions on how to implement any changes.
- In Superfund, EPA has the Five-Year Review process and will assess impact of any changes that revised TCE toxicity values have on health-based screening, levels, cleanup levels and risk management decisions at each site.



Questions?

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For more information on TCE:

http://www.epa.gov/IRIS/ and click on TCE link